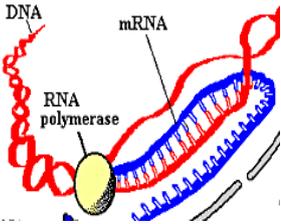
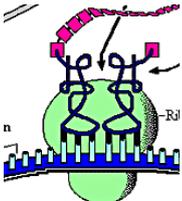


	<p>Process where DNA becomes mRNA</p>	<p>The process where mRNA becomes polypeptide chain</p>	<p>The copy of the DNA which leaves the nucleus and is used to make the protein</p>
<p><b>tRNA</b></p>	<p><b>Transcription</b></p>	<p><b>Translation</b></p>	<p><b>mRNA</b></p>
<p>The place where translation occurs</p>	<p>Three bases on the mRNA are called a ...</p>	<p>Three bases on the tRNA are called an</p>	<p>The non-coding part of the mRNA, not translated into a protein</p>
<p><b>rRNA / ribosome</b></p>	<p><b>Codon</b></p>	<p><b>Anticodon</b></p>	<p><b>Introns</b></p>
<p>The coding part of the mRNA which are translated into a protein</p>	<p>The process that occurs in the nucleus where introns are removed and exons joined together</p>	<p>Three bases on the mRNA code for an</p>	<p>A long chain of amino acids is called a</p>
<p><b>Exons</b></p>	<p><b>RNA processing</b></p>	<p><b>Amino acid</b></p>	<p><b>Polypeptide chain</b></p>
<p>The bond that forms between amino acids during translation</p>	<p>The enzyme which transcribes DNA into mRNA</p>	<p>The nucleic acid which brings in the amino acid during translation</p>	<p>The monomers (repeating units) which make up a polypeptide chain</p>
<p><b>Peptide bond</b></p>	<p><b>RNA polymerase</b></p>	<p><b>tRNA</b></p>	<p><b>Amino acids</b></p>

<p>The codon found at the end of the mRNA which tells the ribosome to stop translation</p>	<p>The codon which tells the ribosomes to start making the polypeptide chain</p>	<p>The start codon on the mRNA</p>	<p>The place where mRNA is read</p>
<p><b>Termination codon</b></p>	<p><b>Start codon</b></p>	<p><b>AUG/ Met</b></p>	<p><b>Ribosome</b></p>
<p>mRNA leaves the nucleus via the</p>	<p>Which RNA is read to determine the amino acid</p>	<p>The process which relates to the fact that more than one codon, codes for an amino acid</p>	<p>The DNA strand which is used to transcribe the mRNA</p>
<p><b>Nuclear pore</b></p>	<p><b>mRNA</b></p>	<p><b>Degeneracy</b></p>	<p><b>Coding strand</b></p>
<p>The view that nucleic acids / DNA determines protein structure is known as</p>	<p>The four stages of protein synthesis</p>	<p>Part of the cell where transcription and RNA processing occurs</p>	<p>After translation where does the polypeptide chain go to be folded into a functional protein</p>
<p><b>The Central Dogma</b></p>	<p><b>Transcription, RNA processing, translation, protein folding</b></p>	<p><b>Nucleus</b></p>	<p><b>Golgi bodies</b></p>
<p> Name this process</p>	<p> Name this process</p>	<p>Part of the cell where translation occurs</p>	<p>RNA polymerase makes mRNA by copying the template strand from the</p>
<p><b>Transcription</b></p>	<p><b>Translation</b></p>	<p><b>Cytoplasm</b></p>	<p><b>3' end</b></p>