

USING EQUATIONS TEST 1

**Some of these answers require you to remember Level 2 Physics and/or common sense.
(Take $g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$, $h = 6.63 \times 10^{34} \text{ Js}$, $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ N}^{-1}\text{m}^{-2}\text{C}^2$, $\epsilon_r = 1$ for air).**

1. A mass A of 6 kg moving with a velocity of 5 ms^{-1} collides with a mass B of 8 kg moving in the opposite direction at 3 ms^{-1} . Calculate the final velocity if the masses stick together on impact.
2. An object of mass 2.0 kg starts from rest and slides down a frictionless incline at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. If it slides 2.5 m down the plane, what will be its velocity?
3. A wheel has a radius of 0.3 m. It rotates with an angular velocity of 12 s^{-1} . What is the linear velocity of a point on the rim of the wheel?
4. Calculate the capacitance of a pair of parallel plates of area 0.025 m^2 if they are separated by a piece of perspex 0.1 mm thick. Take the relative permittivity of perspex to be 3.5.
5. What is the resistance of a 240 V, 100 W light bulb?
6. A 5 kg mass extends a spring by 0.50 m. What is the spring constant of the spring?
7. How far apart are two parallel plates in air, area 0.50 m^2 and capacitance $1.5 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$?
8. A yo-yo, initially at rest, is allowed to fall from a finger. The yo-yo drops with constant linear acceleration. After 1.40 seconds it has fallen 1.20 m and reached an angular velocity of 4090 revolutions per minute. What angle (in radians) does the yo-yo turn through during the fall of 1.20 m?
9. How much torque is needed to bring a flywheel with moment of inertia 0.2 kg m^2 rotating at 50 rad s^{-1} to rest in 20 seconds?
10. The time taken for a neutron to travel 6 m in a straight line is 0.3 ms. If a neutron has a mass of $5 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$, calculate its kinetic energy.
11. Calculate the wavelength of sound being emitted at a frequency of 10 Hz from a stationary source. The speed of sound in air is 330 ms^{-1} .
12. Calculate the gravitational force between a 5.0 tonne lead sphere and 2.0 tonne sphere which are 75 cm apart (take $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2\text{kg}^{-2}$).